The Pyongyang Times

No. 12 (709) Weekly Saturday, March 25, 1978 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Nepalese Ambassador

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on March 15 received Chhetra Bikram Rana, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Nepal to our country, who paid a farewell call prior to his return home at the recall of his country.

Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, was on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a conversation with the ambassador in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Special Envoy of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Granted Audience by Foreign Presidents

Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Socialist Republic of Romania, received on March 8 Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Alternate Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, who visited the SRR as a special envoy of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The special envoy conveyed a personal letter and cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu.

Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu asked "How is respected Comrade Kim Il Sung?" and expressed deep thanks for the personal letter and cordial regards of the great leader.

He asked the special envoy to deliver his warm greetings and wishes to the great leader.

He manifested his full support to the Korean people in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

On March 14 President El Hadj Omar Bongo of the Republic of Gabon met Li Chang Son who visited Gabon as a special envoy of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the DPRK.

On the occasion the special envoy conveyed the cordial regards and personal letter of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the Gabonese President.

The Gabonese President expressed deep thanks for them.

He manifested profound gratitude to the great leader for having dispatched the special envoy to join in the celebrations of the 10th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Party of Gabon.

Touching upon the question of Korean reunification, he stressed that, as respected and beloved President Kim Il Sung said, Korea's reunification should be solved by the Korean people themselves without interference of outside forces.

He said that the reunification of Korea should be realized peacefully, without recourse to force.

Denouncing the splittists for their seeking after the "simultaneous UN membership" of north and south Korea and "seperate UN membership" of south Korea, he emphasized that Korea should enter the UN as one Korea after her reunification.

And then he expressed the hope that the relations of friendship and cooperation between Gabon and Korea will develop to a higher plane.

The conversation passed in a friendly atmosphere.

"Marshal KIM IL SUNG Is Great Leader Who Enjoys the Highest Respect of World's People"

Reverence of the World's People

Today the world's revolutionary people express boundless respect and reverence for the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and enviously call the Korean people the happiest and most proud people who live and make revolution under his guidance.

The Secretary General of the Panama-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association said:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung is the great leader endowed with brilliant intelligence, unusual insight and distinguished ability of leadership and possessed of kind-hearted and benign, simple and modest virtue, rare to be found in any others.

Marshal Kim Il Sung founded the immortal Juche idea and opened up a new era in the history of human thought. He leads the Korean people straightly to the highest peak of human ideal along an untrodden path and makes an outstanding contribution to the development of the world revolution. So he is known as the great leader who enjoys the highest respect of the Korean people and the revolutionary people including the working class throughout the world.

For his undying exploits performed for the sake of mankind the people in the 20th century attend him as the great leader in high esteem."

An engineer of the Pasteur Research Institute in France had this to say:

"The world does not know yet such a leader as President Kim Il Sung who has devoted his all to the freedom and happiness of the people.

Credit goes to President Kim Il Sung for the fact that Korea has become a symbol of independence.

The good health and long life of respected President Kim Il Sung is not only the wish of you Korean people but the unanimous desire of all the progressive people advancing along the road of independence.

Therefore, I shout at the top of my voice: 'Long live President Kim Il Sung!'"

In his interview with our reporters here Mohamed Hassan Mohamed El Tohamy, Vice-Prime Minister at the Presidency of the Arab Republic of Egypt and Political Adviser to the President, who was special envoy of ARE President Mohamed Anwar El Sadat, made the following remarks:

"I first congratulate you because you have President Kim Il Sung, the most respected and beloved leader, most outstanding guide and brilliant leader in the ideological and theoretical spheres.

The great leader is a man rare to be seen in the world.

When I was received by the respected and beloved President, I keenly felt that he is a man who has gained a wide experience and performed precious exploits in all fields, military, social and philosophical. At the same time I clearly realized that he is indeed a great father.

He is a man of extraordinary wisdom.

Great President Kim Il Sung is our close friend, leader, brother and great father.

He is the genuine leader whom you all respect and love.

He cares for every one of Koreans, knows of every one of you and understands the desire of all people.

He is devoting his all to your interests just as he did in the past.

That is why I wish him great success and good health and a long life from the bottom of my heart for the realization of your desire."

Chrysanthos Savvides, Special Secretary of the Socialist Party of Cyprus, said:

"The respected and beloved President Kim Il Sung is, indeed, the great leader and the hero of the 20th century.

He is the great leader not only of the Korean people but also of the oppressed people of the world.

My visit to Korea made me more deeply convinced that he is none other than the great leader of our time.

It is only too natural that we hold him in profound veneration.

As time passes by, the infinite respect and reverence of the people for the great leader President Kim Il Sung are getting deeper and deeper."

The Deputy Editor-in-Chief of the Sierra Leone newspaper "Union" wrote in his article as follows:

"President Kim Il Sung is a real people's leader having great affection and humanity.

He is a tireless man.

His indefatigable energy and inexhaustible intelligence have converted Korea into an earthly paradise as it is today.

It is proper to have unbounded respect and reverence for President Kim Il Sung who has done so much for the good of the people and made Korea a prosperous country where the prices of foodstuff are low, the benefit of free education is granted to all and taxation is abolished.

Truth to tell, the exploits of the great President Kim Il Sung cannot be compared with anything. He has personified everything desired by the fighting people.

It is entirely thanks to the wise leadership of President Kim Il Sung, a great person, that Korea has become a rich country and an ever-flourishing country.

Pascal Decos, Permanent Secretary of the Congolese Association for Friendship among Peoples, pointed out in his article:

"Because of the Juche idea Korea has entered a period of efflorescence in all spheres.

Under the clear-sighted leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung the Korean people are carrying out their duty to solidarity with the progressive peoples of the world, while building a new society.

In the period from his birth up to this day the great President Kim Il Sung has done a great work that would take a few centuries to accomplish.

This tells that we progressives in the world should look up to him as an eternal benefactor.

For the full bloom of Kimilsungism,

For the well-being of the Korean people and the victory of socialism throughout the world,

Long live President Kim Il Sung!"

"ANJU SPEED"—NEW CHOLLIMA SPEED

At Anju Combined Coal Mine

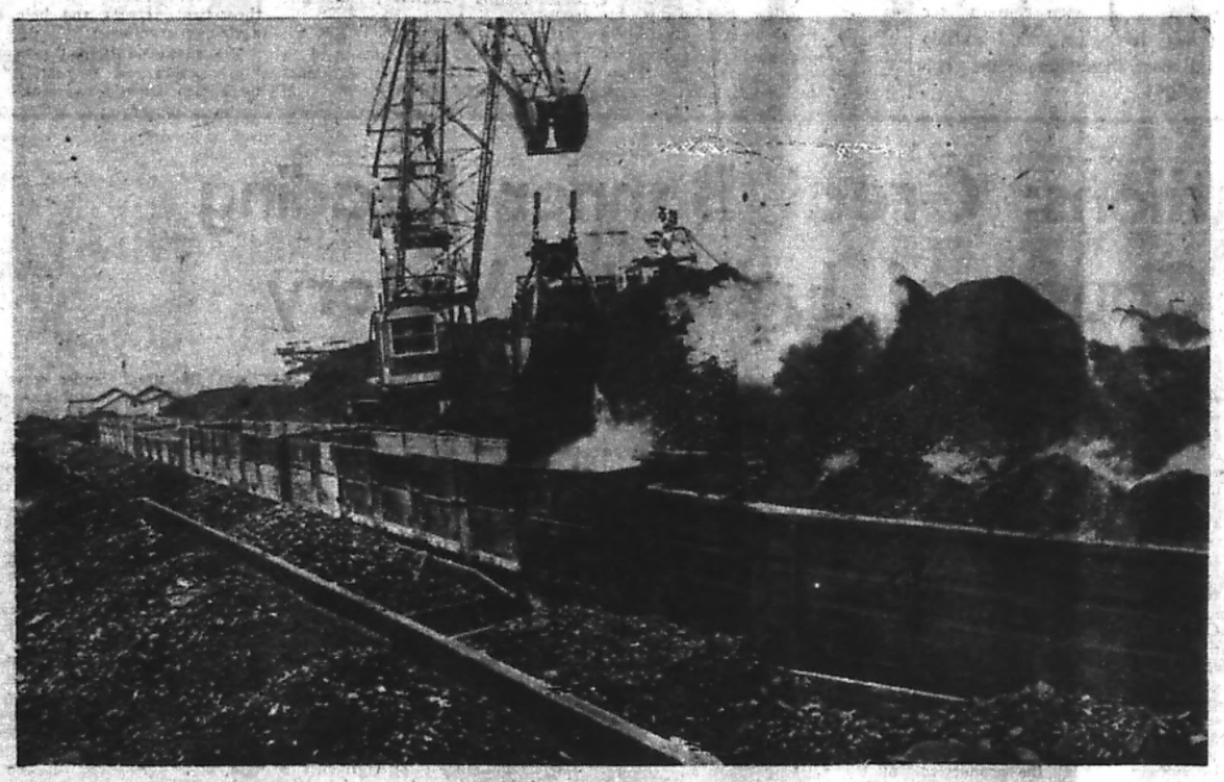
The torch of fresh innovation is now blazing up furiously at the Anju Combined Coal Mine where a titanic struggle is afoot to attain the target of coal production set in the Second Seven-Year Plan worked out by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The heroic colliers of Anju have proudly written a new record, a new norm, previously unknown in drift work and coal production, thereby creating "Anju speed", a new Chollima speed.

The sixth heading platoon of the Taehyang pit of the Taehyang Coal Mine let one drill cut the earth 606 metres deep a month. Those in charge of drift work at this colliery are effecting great renovations.

When new records were set at the drift work site, the members of the second mining company of the Taehyang pit excavated 2-3 times more coal a month than before. This is an amazing innovation, a new Chollima speed.

The creation of brilliant records is not confined to some coal-mining units alone. A great lift in production is observable throughout the coal mine.



An ever higher mountain of coal shoots up in the yard of the Anju Combined Coal Mine which created a new Chollima speed, "Anju speed"

At present, the average daily speed of drift work at the combined coal mine increased 1.6 times as against that at the end of last year, to 210 per cent as compared with the level at the end of the Six-Year Plan, and the per-worker output of coal jumped to 159 per cent in comparison with last year's, two times as compared with the level at the end of the Six-Year Plan.

These are brilliant records the heroic mining industry workers and the three-revolution team members established by working with audacity in the van of the general forward movement to fulfil the new prospective plan mapped out by the great leader. The mining industry represents the main target of this long-term plan.

"Anju speed", a new Chollima speed, which is created at the Anju Combined Coal Mine is a token of the burning loyalty of its colliers to the great leader and a manifestation of the indomitable will and revolutionary mettle of our working class to capture ahead of schedule a higher eminence of socialism by working hard as they dash ahead in the saddle of Chollima, while conducting an intense speed campaign, in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

The "Anju speed" in the general forward movement for the fulfilment of the new long-term plan, like all other successes registered in our revolution and construction, is a fruition of the wise leadership and profound care of the great leader and a precious gain won in the raging flame of revolution in coal production, personally enkindled by him.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The mining industry represents the main target of the Second Seven-Year Plan."

Attaching great importance to the position and role of the mining industry, particularly of the Anju Combined Coal Mine, in the fulfilment of the new prospective plan, the great leader showed clear orientation and ways for the development of this coal mine on a number of occasions last year and provided all necessary conditions.

True to the instructions of the great leader and the letter of the Party Central Committee to the entire Party members, the workers of the Anju Combined Coal Mine have risen as one man, fully resolved to take the lead in making a break-through for the fulfilment of the Second Seven-Year Plan.

"Let us display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in full and create new 'Anju speed' to loyally justify the deep trust and solicitude of the great leader!"

Under this motto the coal hewers buckled down to their work for creation of new norms and new records, vigorously advancing with the uplifted banner of three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, in order to beat the high targets of coal production set by the great leader for the Anju Combined Coal Mine.

For the purpose of boosting coal production to 218 per cent this year as compared with the results of last year, taking the coal mine as a whole, they drew up their plan boldly and carried it into practice in a revolutionary manner.

In their strivings to create "Anju speed", a new Chollima speed, the workers of the coal mine made continuous innovation and advance, inflamed with a sheer desire, loyal determination, to please the great leader.

They set themselves a high goal at the outset, but established a new higher record one after another. In this course, they became more confident. In their campaign they renewed their goal two or three times, displayed unbending fighting spirit to the full and conducted a dynamic mass innovation movement. In this way, they attained such a miraculous success as topping all their high goals.

At the call of the great leader, the colliers of Anju showed a very fine example in the first battle for the fulfilment of the Second Seven-Year Plan.

"Anju speed" will add another brilliant page to the annals of our people's gigantic struggle. Our Chollima march at this speed is a new propelling force inspiring all the working people to the successful fulfilment of the new long-term plan.

KOREAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION ON ASIAN TOUR

The government delegation of our country headed by Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk was on a visit to the Kingdom of Nepal, the People's Republic of Bangladesh and the Republic of India from March 3 to 17.

Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk was received during his sojourn in these countries by Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva, King of the Kingdom of Nepal; Ziaur Rahman, President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh; and Morarji Desai, Prime Minister of the Republic of India. He delivered warm greetings and personal letters from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

He also called on Neelam Sanjiva Reddy, President of the Republic of India, and conveyed cordial regards from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

They expressed deep thanks for cordial greetings and personal letters from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The head of the delegation conversed with them in a friendly atmosphere.

The Nepalese King inquired after the health of respected His Excellency President Kim Il Sung and asked him to convey his best regards to him.

Saying that "we are well informed of the great achievements made by your people in all social, economic and cultural fields under the energetic leadership of the great leader His Excellency Kim Il Sung", the King expressed the belief that friendship between the two countries would grow as days go by.

Having asked the head of the delegation to convey his best regards to the great leader, the Bangladesh President said that friendship between the two countries has been solidly based through the common struggle against imperialism and for independence. He continued:

"We hope your country will be reunified peacefully free from any outside interference on the principles of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement. We support your position."

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Honour Goes to Yearly Plan Hitters

Reports on the fulfilment of yearly quotas are coming from the sector of our textile industry.

Among the plan hitters in the past two months alone were a workteam of the Nyongbyon Silk Mill, Labour Heroine Kim Bong Rye of the Pyongyang Textile Combine and tens of workers in different textile mills.

The factor in these outstanding jobs done by spinners was the introduction of high-speed operation of equipment and the adoption of new working methods. These innovations applied in production enabled spinners to handle three times as many spindles and increase the number of spindle rotation 1.3 times per minute, leading to marvelous performance of daily plan—600 % and 1,000 % at maximum.

The ranks of yearly plan hitters will grow among the textile workers who are moving forward in the spirit of Chollima, vigorously launching speed campaign.

Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Telegrams and Messages of Solidarity from Foreign Countries

Telegrams and messages of solidarity came to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung from various countries in connection with the memorandum of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea made public on February 1.

In his telegram on February 28, Habimana Bonaventure, General Secretary of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda, referred to the unjustness of the "two Korea" plot of the imperialists and noted:

The Rwandan people united around the National Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda fully support the stand manifested in the memorandum of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and believe that the national and historic cause of the Korean people in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country will be surely accomplished.

Expressing my lofty considerations to you, respected and beloved Comrade President, I reassure you of the support of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda to the Korean people who are closely united around the Workers' Party of Korea.

In his February 22 telegram Andress Pascal Allende, General Secretary of the CC of the Chilean Left-wing Revolutionary Movement, decisively condemned and rejected the US imperialists' "two Koreas" plot and "equilibrium of strength theory" and pointed out:

I assure you, Comrade President, of our positive support to all efforts of your Party, government and people for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

I, in the name of the Chilean resistance fighters and the Central Committee of our Party, extend to you, Comrade President, warm greetings and solidarity.

Telegrams and messages of solidarity came to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung also from the chief of the "Study Group of the Works of President Kim Il Sung" of the Finland-Korea Association, the chief of the Sierra Leonean "Group for the Scientific Study of Great Kimilsungism", the Chairman of the "Committee for the Study of Kimilsungism" of the Lahore, Pakistan-Korea Youth Friendship Association, the members of the "Group for the Study of the Immortal Juche Idea of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Zimbabwean students studying at the Fourah Bay College of Sierra Leone, the Joint Secretary of the Pakistan Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the Secretary General of the Sierra Leonean Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the Secretary General of the French Action Committee to Support the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, the members of the Sierra Leonean Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the General Secretary of the Gambian National Youth Organization who is the Secretary General of the Gambian Committee for Solidarity with the Korean People, the Chairman of the Norway-Korea Friendship Association, the Secretary General of the Lahore, Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, the Sierra Leone-Korea Friendship Association, the Secretary General of the Trade Unions International of Public and Allied Employees, the members of the editorial department of a Sierra Leonean paper, the publisher of a Pakistani weekly magazine, the master on behalf of the attendants of the meeting of the crewmen of the Japanese ship "Daiichi Yusei-Maru" supporting the government memorandum of our country, the master on behalf of the crewmen of the Japanese ship, "Daini Kaiko-Maru", the master on behalf of the entire crew of the Panamanian ship "Musi", the chief of the Sierra Leonean "Group for the Study of the Juche Idea and the History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung", the chief of the "Study Group of the Works of President Kim Il Sung" of the Turku Branch of the Finland-Korea Association, the Chairman of the Austrian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification who is the Chairman of the Association for Promotion of Relations between Austria and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Chairman on behalf of the Burundi Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the Nepalese Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the Chairman of the Kauhayoki Branch of the Finland Solidarity Committee for Korea's Reunification, the representative of the Puerto Rican Socialist Party in Cuba who is Member of the Central Committee of the Puerto Rican Socialist Party, the Secretary General of the Karachi, Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, the Chairman of the Senegalese Peace Movement and the Editor-in-Chief on behalf of the editorial department of the Sierra Leonean paper "Sangbay".

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Telegrams came to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea from the National Leadership of the Arab Socialist Baath Party and the Chairman of the "Syrian Solidarity Committee for Supporting and Encouraging the Just Struggle of the Korean People for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of the Country" who is Member of the National Leadership of the Arab Socialist Baath Party and Director of its External Relations Department, in connection with the publication of the February 1 memorandum of the government of our country.

Juche Idea Is the Trend of the Times

Seminar and Forum on Works Of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

In "Namibian University Committee in UN for Studying Great Juche Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung"

The "Namibian University Committee in the UN for Studying Great Juche Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" organized on February 25 a forum on the "Theses on Socialist Education", an immortal classic work of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, according to a report.

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting place was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Referring to the profound ideological content of the educational theses made public by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and its theoretical and practical significance, the speakers stressed that his original educational ideology and theory should be applied to South West Africa which will become independent in future.

Prior to the forum the "Namibian University Committee in the UN for Studying Great Juche Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" organized lessons and study sessions on the educational theses while widely disseminating it.

In Democratic Yemen

According to a report, the "Committee for Study of the Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" under the Popular Front for Liberation of Palestine in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen held on January 31 a seminar on "Let Us Further Strengthen the People's Government", an immortal classic work of the great leader.

At the seminar a letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was adopted unanimously amid loud applause of the attendants.

The Chairman of the Committee dwelt on the main content of the work and then speeches were made at the seminar.

Osaka (Japan) Liaison Council for Study of Juche Idea Holds First "Course of Juche Idea"

The Osaka Liaison Council for the Study of Juche Idea, Japan, recently held the first "course of Juche idea" in Osaka, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

Present there were chiefs of the groups for the study of Juche idea formed in different places of Osaka.

Those participating in the course studied the "characteristics of Kimilsungism".

The greatness and originality of Kimilsungism gav a deep impression on their minds.

Eight courses will be arranged in the future.

Central Lecture Meeting Held to Mark 55th Anniv. Of "1,000-ri Journey for Learning"

On March 16, 1923, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, who had been helping his father Kim Hyong Jik in his revolutionary activities for bringing about the dawn of the country's restoration, started "1,000-*ri* journey for learning" from Pataokou in Northeast China to his native village Mangyongdae at the tender age of 11 to know better his country and his people and sow the seeds of Juche.

Our people marked the memorable 55th anniversary of his journey.

A central lecture meeting was held at the February 8 House of Culture on March 16.

Set up with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people.

The lecturer said that "1,000-*ri* journey for learning" made by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was a patriotism-imbued trip to cultivate ardent love for the country and the people and burning hatred for the class enemy and a glorious road of struggle linked with the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

Pointing out that after he came back to the homeland he pursued studies at the Changdok School in Chilgol, the lecturer said: at that time the great leader already confirmed him in his determination to beat back the Japanese imperialists and restore the lost country to achieve its independence and the class liberation of workers and peasants and held that the struggle for the country's independence should be combined with a struggle against landlords and capitalists, and nursed lofty aspirations to restore the lost country.

The lecturer noted that the great leader, upon hearing the sad news that his father was arrested again by the Japanese police, went to Pataokou covering 1,000-*ri* early in 1925 with a firm resolve to take revenge upon the enemy for his father and liberate the country at any cost.

The trip to Mangyongdae was a trip of learning for nourishing passionate patriotism, and his trip back to Pataokou was a trip of revolution linked with the struggle for the restoration of the country, the lecturer stressed.

He said: the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung nurtured the spirit of inquiry, boldness, strong will, determination, unswerving fidelity to principle and broad magnanimity through the journey and grew up to be the peerless patriot and the great leader shouldering upon himself the destinies of the people and the nation.

The glorious past and today of the Korean revolution and its bright future is associated with "1,000-*ri* journey for learning" made by the great leader, noted the lecturer.

Organizing Committee of International Institute of Juche Idea in Tokyo Issues Periodical "Information of Secretariat"

The Organizing Committee of the International Institute of Juche Idea in Tokyo published "Information of Secretariat" (No. 1) some time ago, according to a report.

It reports that the Organizing Committee has received letters warmly supporting the founding of the International Institute of Juche Idea from hundreds of prominent figures of various strata in Japan and that letters came to the Chairman of the Organizing Committee from its members expressing their hope that preparations for its founding would be vigorously pushed forward.

The Information introduces the extensive publication of immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in many countries.

It carries an article headlined "After Attending Pyongyang International Seminar on Juche Idea" contributed by Hanawa Fujio, Deputy General Secretary of the "National Liaison Council of Societies for the Study of Works of President Kim Il Sung" of Japan.

Lastly it gives detailed accounts of the fact that the great Juche idea is receiving much study in various countries under the title "Promotion of the Study of Juche Idea in the World".

In its foreword the periodical says:

Today the world advances towards independence. There are rapidly growing interests in the Juche idea founded by President Kim Il Sung in response to the demand of the times of independence. Praise is lavished on the Juche idea and its study is in brisk progress in all countries.

Its study is characterized by the fact that it is conducted on a continental and world-wide scale beyond the boundary of one country.

Following the International Seminar on the Juche Idea held in Lebanon in 1971, similar seminars have been held on an international scale every year.

The International Seminar on the Juche Idea held in Pyongyang discussed the question associated with the formation of an international organization for its study.

The basic mission of the International Institute of Juche Idea which will be founded according to it is to study and propagate this idea as an international organization for its scientific study.

The Institute will establish contacts with organizations and individuals in all countries interested in the Juche conception.

True to its character and mission, it will organize seminars or lectures, publish periodically its organ "Study of Juche Idea", open a library, give assistance to its study in various countries in theoretical aspects and help them exchange experience.

The Institute decided to publish "Information of Secretariat" to meet such demand and aim.

(Continued from Page 1)

Saying that no country wants to be divided, the Indian Prime Minister expressed his hope that the reunification of Korea would be realized peacefully free from any outside interference.

The Indian President expressed satisfaction over our government delegation's Indian visit and manifested the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries would further grow.

During its sojourn our government delegation had talks with the Nepalese and Bangladesh counterparts.

At the talks were discussed the problems associated with the improvement of the country-to-country relations of friendship and cooperation and the matters of common concern.

The talks proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

The head of our government delegation exchanged views with the Indian Vice-President on the matters of common concern for further developing the friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

Line of Three Revolutions: Great Banner Leading The Revolutionary Cause of Juche to Victory

Five years have elapsed since the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a historic concluding address titled "Let Us More Vigorously Accelerate Ideological, Technical and Cultural Revolutions" at the Kangso Eularged Meeting of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

In this work of historic significance the great leader reviewed the successes achieved so far in the fulfilment of the three revolutions and the Three-Revolution Team Movement and again gave concrete answers to the theoretical and practical problems arising in giving stronger impetus to the three revolutions in compliance with the requirement of our constantly developing reality.

The line of three revolutions originally clarified by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is the great banner leading the revolutionary cause of Juche to victory. Since the early days when our Party and people seized power and started the building of a new society they always uplifted this banner and made successes in their advance.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Our Party put forward the policy for carrying out the three revolutions long ago, and has since energetically carried on the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions. Our Party's policy for the three revolutions is very correct."

The practical experience of our Party and people who have brilliantly carried out difficult and complicated tasks in different stages of revolution under the wise guidance of the great leader clearly shows that the process of carrying out the three revolutions is a true process of creation and change, the process of transforming society revolutionally in all aspects.

On the basis of the immortal Juche idea and the rich and practical experience accumulated in the course of leading our revolution and construction along a triumphant path, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced the unique thought and theory of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, and systematized them as an integral whole.

The great leader determined the three revolutions as the main contents of the revolution the Party of the working class should carry on after the establishment of socialist system and as the task of continuous revolution the working class should undertake until its historic mission would have been accomplished and he comprehensively elucidated its essence and content, ways and means of its implementation.

The trio-revolution is a revolutionary struggle to replace the antiquated with the new in all spheres of ideology, technology and culture and a glorious struggle for the working class to complete its historic mission.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Some people simply consider it a revolution to overthrow the old social system and establish a new one. But we do not think so. To replace the old with the new in the realms of ideology, technology and culture, too, is a revolution."

Even after the establishment of socialist system the outdated persist for long in the people's ideological life, in their life by labour and in their cultural life. Therefore, only when we continue with the revolution in ideology, technology and culture can the legacies of the old society be thoroughly overcome, socialist construction energetically pushed forward and the ideological and material fortresses of communism successfully conquered.

The three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, is a worthwhile struggle to completely provide the masses of the working people with an independent and creative life.

To overthrow the old social system and establish a new socialist one signifies a historic turning-point in liberating the working masses from all sorts of exploitation and oppression and ensuring an independent and creative life to them. However, in order to let the popular masses fully enjoy an independent and creative life they should be freed for ever from the fetters of old legacies handed down from the exploiting society.

The ideological revolution is a struggle to root up the survivals of the outmoded ideology in the minds of people and revolutionize and working-classize them.

As the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught, what is basic in the ideological revolution is to firmly arm the people with the great Juche idea.

Only when people are firmly armed with the Juche idea can they establish the revolutionary world outlook, deeply understand the Juche-oriented revolutionary theories, strategy and tactics and the methodology of revolution, and become the most powerful and dignified being in the world.

The great leader extensively set forth all the tasks to be undertaken in the making of the ideological revolution—the tasks to firmly equip the working people not only with the Juche idea but with our Party's policies and revolutionary traditions, and to educate them with the idea to love organization, collective and labour, take good care of the common properties of the state and public, consciously abide by the revolutionary laws, norms and rules and resolutely fight the imperialists and class enemies.

The great leader's policy of strengthening the organizational life and the study among the people is the basic way for uprooting the outmoded thinking in their minds and for revolutionizing and working-classizing them.

The technical revolution is a struggle to supersede the outdated techniques with the new ones and replace manual labour with mechanization, semi-automation, and automation.

As taught by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the essence of the technical revolution is to eliminate the fundamental differences in labour and free the working people from heavy labour. The technical revolution is not a mere technical, practical task to increase material wealth by developing technology and the productive forces, but an important political task to free the working people, liberated from exploitation and oppression, even from the fetters of nature and ensure for them complete social equality, and independent and creative lives.

The great leader defined the three major tasks of technical revolution as the main content of technical revolution after the socialist industrialization.

With the policy of the three major tasks of technical revolution presented, we came to have new tasks of technical revolution to be carried out on a higher stage following the socialist industrialization.

The great leader clearly indicated the ways and means for carrying on the technical revolution—solutions to the problems of taking a correct attitude towards the technical revolution, combatting all shades of obsolete ideas impedimental to the technical development, thoroughly establishing Juche in the scientific and technical researches, enhancing the role of the scientists and technicians and drawing the working masses widely into the movement for technical innovation.

The cultural revolution is a struggle to liquidate the cultural backwardness left over from the old society and create a new culture.

What is important in carrying out the cultural revolution is to make all members of society competent workers with profound knowledge of nature and society and with a high level of cultural and technical knowhow, do away with the cultural backwardness handed down from the old society and firmly build up revolutionary, cultured practices in production and life.

Steadfast adherence to the stand of the working class and the revolutionary principle is essential in building a revolutionary and popular culture. Accordingly, we should properly preserve the national peculiarities in the building of culture, correctly reflect the ideal and demand of the working class, prevent the cultural penetration of imperialism and strictly overcome the tendency of restorationism.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expounded the principles to be maintained in carrying out the three revolutions.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The ideological, technical and cultural revolutions are closely interlinked. ... therefore, we should hold fast to the principle of giving priority to the ideological revolution and, at the same time, energetically push ahead with the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural."

The ideological, technical and cultural revolutions are all independent revolutionary tasks and they are closely interlinked and carried on as a unified process.

Only when man's thought and consciousness are raised through intensified ideological revolution can the technical and cultural revolutions be successfully carried out. And only when we make the technical and cultural revolutions the building of economy and culture can be done well and the ideological revolution can also be successfully carried out. Therefore, vigorous promotion of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions, with precedence given to the ideological revolution, is a revolutionary principle in carrying the three revolutions to success.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung initiated the Three-Revolution Team Movement and the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement, and through these movements he made certain that the Party's guidance is strengthened in carrying out the three revolutions and the masses themselves undertake these revolutions unswervingly, regarding them as their own tasks.

The reality of today in which the revolutionary zeal and preparedness of the masses are elevated beyond measure and innovations are made and miracles wrought daily in production and construction testifies to the fact that powerful conduct of the Three-Revolution Team Movement and the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement is a sure guarantee which enables us to make a radical progress in the fulfilment of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, and bring about continuous upsurge in the building of socialism.

The founding of the theory of the three revolutions by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is of great theoretical and practical significance in the history of the revolutionary struggle of the working class.

Having founded the idea and theory of the three revolutions and constantly developed and enriched them, the great leader gave new expositions of the problems of the continuous revolution under socialism.

What is newly elucidated by the theory of the three revolutions is that the change and creation in the domains of ideology, technology and culture taking place after the completion of the socialist revolution is also a revolution, to say nothing of the struggle aimed at changing the established social system. As a result, the masses of the working people freed from exploitation and oppression have found a real way to finally liberate themselves from all sorts of subjugation and fetters, a hang-over from the old society, and taken up a powerful weapon to carry the revolutionary cause through to the end.

The thought and theory of the three revolutions fully substantiated their justness, truthfulness and invincible vitality in the struggle for socialist revolution and socialist construction in our country.

Through the struggle to carry out the line of the three revolutions the ideological and moral traits of our people reached a loftier stage and the unity and cohesion of the whole Party and the entire people rallied firmly with one ideology and purpose around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has become indestructible.

Thanks to the splendid implementation of the trio-revolution line, our country has been converted into an ever-prosperous socialist power, independent, self-reliant and self-defensive.

As hitherto, so in future, our Party and people will advance with added vigour for the final completion of the revolutionary cause of Juche, holding high the three red banners of the ideological revolution, technical revolution and cultural revolution.

THREE-REVOLUTION VANGUARDS

Taking the Lead In Technical Innovation

The April 13 Iron Works of the Kangson Iron and Steel Complex is a Juche-oriented metallurgical plant which produces iron with raw materials and fuel abundant in our country.

Like all other units, this iron works is chalking up signal results by vigorously carrying on the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, with the active help of three-revolution team members.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"In recent years great successes have been achieved in the three revolutions under our Party's leadership. ...

"The three-revolution teams have played a great role in the successful carrying out of the three revolutions."

The great leader paid great attention to this enterprise which holds an important position in the development of the independent metallurgical industry of the country. Through his on-the-spot guidance given on five occasions and his teachings many times, he indicated in detail the tasks of the iron works to boost its iron production and explained the need to further demonstrate the might of the Juche-oriented metallurgical industry by constant technical renovation.

The three-revolution team members dispatched to the enterprise, working with workers at production sites, spurred on the technical revolution under the banner of three revolutions. They encouraged them and helped them much to implement the great leader's highly-important teachings excellently.

In the course of the energetic promotion of the three revolutions a great change has taken place in the ideological and moral qualities of the workers. The result is that their loyalty to the great leader has become intenser, their creative wisdom has been displayed to the full and technology has improved steadily.

In order to turn out more iron in accordance with the great leader's teachings it was important, above all, to lengthen the service life of furnace.

The three-revolution team members here elaborated on how to raise the quality of fire-proof materials in concert with workers and technicians and at last succeeded in putting out new bricks with high refractoriness.

What is more, they boldly industrialized the production of new fire-proof materials in a brief space of time and introduced a new brick-laying method.

Consequently, the life span of the revolving furnaces has been extended 2-2.5 times as compared with that in the early days when they were set in motion.

In addition, they conducted researches into effective use of waste heat and thought out a new method of combustion by hot blast.

They thus shortened the time of a heat while saving much fuel and improved the operation of furnaces. This led to a 1.3-fold increase in the daily output per granulated-iron revolving furnace.

Besides, the three-revolution team members brought about a series of technical innovations in cooperation with the workers and technicians here. For one thing, they boldly applied a new melting method and raised the productivity of blister-steel furnace with less production cost.

Thanks to the endeavours of the three-revolution team members and workers for renovation, the iron works extensively introduced new technology into production and its iron production grows from year to year.

Last year it upped the output of blister steel 1.5-fold as against the previous year. This year when our working people embarked upon the fulfilment of the Second Seven-Year Plan, production keeps increasing with greater rapidity. In the past two months alone, the output per granulated-iron furnace showed a 1.3-fold growth above that in the same period of last year.

The three-revolution team members and workers here are now making redoubled efforts to hit ahead of the set time the targets for this year, the first year of the new prospective plan.

Kim Su Yon

The three-revolution team members dispatched to the April 13 Iron Works inspire workers and technicians vigorously to a mass technical innovation movement

For Comprehensive Agricultural Mechanization

The comprehensive mechanization of agriculture proposed by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is now well under way in our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Our important task for the completion of the rural technical revolution today is to quickly complete the mechanization of agriculture."

Guided by this teaching, the three-revolution team members are focusing efforts on helping farmers in the comprehensive mechanization of agriculture.

We take as an example those members dispatched to the Kwansang Co-op Farm in the Kwaksan Plain, a main grain-producing centre in our western coastal region, who did an outstanding job in this regard.

They worked tirelessly, acting on the great leader's instruction given in sending the three-revolution team members to the rural areas that the rural technical revolution be pushed forward vigorously.

This farm had already large numbers of farm machines sent from the state in accordance with the policy of mechanizing agricultural production. More than 300 kinds of machines were available there.

The members began their job by devoting much attention to the effective use of daily increasing machines.

To this end, short training courses were regularly arranged to pass technical know-how on to farmers.

The main theme in these courses was to acquaint them with the operation of tractor, truck, rice transplanting and weeding machines, rice harvester and other machines and the rudiments of their structure. Emphasis was also laid on letting all farmers handle more than one machine skilfully. Thus, within a short time scores of tractor drivers and many other operators of farm machines were produced.

Rice farming was the main occupation in this farm. From this the members showed particular concern for the complete mechanization of rice transplanting which was a difficult and labour-consuming job. Efforts jointly made by the members and workers in the farm resulted in the fulfilment of this undertaking.

On the basis of the successes registered this farm has now launched wide-ranging initiatives to comprehensively mechanize all operations—ploughing, sowing, rice transplanting, weeding, hauling, rice harvesting and threshing.

Systematic propagation of agricultural science by the members gave a major impetus to farmers in doing farm work on a scientific and technological basis in line with the requirements of the Juche-oriented farming method, expanding the ranks of agronomists and specialists. Every work-team of this farm has now 11 agronomists and specialists.

With comprehensive mechanization progressing apace—the result achieved within the framework of cooperation between the members and the farm's technical group—and with all operations done on a scientific and technological basis, work in all seasons becomes lighter, leading to steady increase in grain production every year.

This is evidenced by the production results of last year—1.6 tons of more rice and one ton of more maize per *chongbo* (hectare) on an average compared with 1976. The planned targets set by the state for grain, meat, eggs, vegetables and other products were far surpassed. Today a vigorous campaign is going on in this farm to realize comprehensive mechanization of agricultural production and attain the goal of 8.8 million tons of grain this year.

Pak Sun Chon

Three-revolution team members in the van of the rural technical revolution —On the Kwansang Co-op Farm, Kwaksan county —

THINKING ON TAXATION

Quietly I feast my eyes on the calender showing date 21st March when, four years ago, the law on the complete abolition of taxation was promulgated in our country.

This morning my mind is fully inspired with a feeling of pride and honour of my being a citizen of the world's first tax-free country.

Tax! Short as it is, this word tells of numerous rancours, blood-curdling and heart-rending stories.

Our family had suffered all sorts of privations at the hands of exploiters before liberation. It happened when I was 12 years old, I remember. At the harvesting season of that year we were deprived of grains, lock, stock, and barrel, because of failure in payment of taxes and debts. This obliged our family to go over to Japan across the Korean Straits in search of a livelihood.

But what awaited us in Japan was humiliation and contempt. We were always shadowed by the spectre of poverty.

One year glided away since I got married, but I had no home. Working as odd-jobbers, I and my husband had some money saved through skimping and managed to buy a one-room house one autumn.

Housing condition was appalling. We were housed in a small dampish cell.

But, heavily taxed, our life in such a room could not last 3 years.

In a cold winter day of the third year after we got this room, officials of the tax office came and pasted distraint papers in and around the room, threateningly saying that if we failed to pay house tax within three days, we would be driven out. We entreated them to postpone the date for tax payment a few days. But these wicked creatures showed no mercy and we were finally kicked out of the house.

At that time I was in the last month of pregnancy. With no shelter, I had to give birth to Sung Hye, my second daughter, that winter in a mud hut under a bridge, which was exposed to the elements on all sides.

It is said that seeing the government tax collectors people are more fearful of them than of the tiger. This means how cruel tax collectors' behaviour is. I recall to my mind the hard life we led in those days, pressed by taxes. The memory of such bitter sufferings still rankles in my heart.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"In socialist society the state serves the interests of the people and is responsible for guaranteeing the material and cultural well-being of the working people, whereas the state in exploiter society serves as a tool of oppression and exploitation against the workers and peasants."

The nature has its own rule. The evil could no longer perpetuate its unchecked growth. Our great leader commenced the seaborne repatriation of the resident compatriots in Japan.

At last we were taken to the embrace of the socialist homeland and became able to lead a hope-filled, happy life.

I am now living with my sons and grandchildren in a well-furnished splendid house on the River Taedong-gang. And we have no worries about food, clothing and housing and about the education of children and medical treatment. Such life is beyond my dream, of course.

Unlike the exploiter society where all taxes are levied on the toiling people, in our country the state surrounds all the aspects of the people's lives with utmost responsibility and measures are taken in promoting the people's welfare.

Even after I returned back to the homeland, agricultural tax-in-kind was abolished. Thus, there only remained negligible income tax and local self-governing tax, whose amount accounted for no more than 2 per cent of the national revenue. Four years ago a historic law was promulgated to totally abolish even these taxes.

Our people now enjoy the worth of life in the first tax-free state in the world. This owes to the veritable paradise built by the great leader in this land, the land where man is treasured most and everything is geared to ensuring the working people an independent and creative life.

Greeting the 4th anniversary of the emergence of the first tax-free country, this morning a firm resolve is born in my heart—the resolve to hold in high esteem the great leader who has established a blissful socialist system and to remain loyal to him through successive generations.

Ryu Sun Bong
Oesong-dong
Oesong District
Pyongyang

The family of Ryu Sun Bong enjoys a happy life back in the homeland

Active Support to Korean People's Cause of National Reunification

Voices of Solidarity Mount in Many Countries

Voices of solidarity are now raised higher and higher on a world-wide scale in support of the just struggle of the Korean people for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

Some time ago the Honinge Commune in Sweden set a month of solidarity with the Korean people and organized various functions.

An exhibition of Korean photos, books and handiworks was held as one of the functions during this month of solidarity.

An opening ceremony held on February 28 was addressed by Swedish personages.

In their speeches, they asserted that the reunification of Korea should be realized independently and peacefully in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy set out by President Kim Il Sung and stressed that the US troops should pull out of south Korea at once, taking along all their lethal weapons.

The opening ceremony was also addressed by the DPRK ambassador.

Exhibitions were held simultaneously in various libraries, such as "Handen", "Vendelso" and "Jordbro".

During the month of solidarity the Honinge Commune screened Korean feature films at the "People's Hall" and published and distributed books on our country.

A meeting took place in Copenhagen, Denmark, to express solidarity with the Korean people fighting for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The meeting was attended by Members of the Presidium of the Danish Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification— M.P. Gert Petersen, Chairman of the Socialist Popular Party of Denmark, and Alfred Jensen, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Denmark—and many representatives of organizations embracing people of different strata.

Invited to the meeting were M.P. Gustav Lorentzon, Chairman of the Sweden-Korea Friendship Association, H. Gustav, Executive Member of the Norway-Korea Friendship Association, and foreign guests.

At the meeting Gert Petersen and other personages made speeches and statements supporting our people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification and denouncing the "two Koreas" plot of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The meeting adopted a declaration.

The declaration advanced a seven-point demand: realization of Korea's reunification based on the principles of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement, withdrawal of US troops from south Korea, stoppage of all forms of "aid" to the south Korean "regime", rejection of the "two Koreas policy", cancellation of the Japanese government's policy intended to perpetuate Korean division, support to the righteous struggle of the south Korean people, etc.

In conclusion the declaration expressed full support to our national reunification proposal and called upon all the progressive Danish people and social organizations to more powerfully support the Korean people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

The Free German Youth Union of the German Democratic Republic arranged a meeting of solidarity with the Korean people and youth on February 24.

Present at the meeting were personages concerned and delegates of foreign youth organizations that came to the GDR to attend the 10th Assembly of the World Federation of Democratic Youth.

Speaking at the rally, the Secretary of the FGYU Committee of the Electric Appliances Factory in Berlin said that the members of the FGYU would always stand firm by the Korean people and youth fighting for national reunification. He added:

The US imperialists should stop interference in the internal affairs of Korea and the US troops occupying south Korea by usurping the UN flag should withdraw from south Korea immediately and completely, taking with them all military equipment including nuclear weapons.

The meeting adopted a resolution demanding the immediate withdrawal of US troops from south Korea and expressing militant solidarity with the embattled Korean people.

Addressing a rally held on the 8th in a factory in Turku of Finland in commemoration of the March 8 International Women's Day, M.P. Anna Lyise Yokinen, Secretary General of the Finnish Solidarity Committee for Korea's Reunification and Chairman of the Turku Branch of the Finland-Korea Association, denounced the war exercise of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique.

The gathering adopted a letter to the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a statement.

The letter and the statement expressed solidarity with the Korean people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and castigated the military exercise of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique.

Sports CULTURE Sports CULTURE

New Film

INVISIBLE CITADEL

Recently the Korean February 8 Feature Film Studio produced the new film "Invisible citadel".

The film, with the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle for a setting, vividly shows the correctness and great vitality of the policy in regard to the establishment of base areas in the form of semi-guerrilla base area set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the latter half of the 1930's.

Entrusted by the great leader with the task of setting up a semi-guerrilla base area in the south-western part of Mt. Paekdu-san, political worker Kwang Jin, the main character of this film, who is a member of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, settles down in Sangpyong under the rule of Japanese imperialism.

From the beginning he has to face many difficulties. But, not daunted, he devotes all energies to transforming the village into a fortress of revolution.

He educates and rouses the young people to take the road of struggle. He takes a close interest in the work with those who, faced with the enemy's suppression and terror rule, put the struggle aside or vacillate and brings them within the fold of revolution. In the meantime, he succeeds in placing the self-defence corps, an organization in the service of Japanese imperialism, under his control. And he makes the villagers help the Korean People's Revolutionary Army men in every way.

As a result, the village which, though under the rule of Japanese imperialism in form, is in practice built up as an invisible citadel conducive to winning the victory in the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The film carries to our people the greatest pride and honour that they are under his guidance and encourages them to show intense loyalty to him, thus powerfully rousing them in a glorious struggle to carry out the Second Seven-Year Plan ahead of the set time.

Stills from the feature film "Invisible Citadel"

Games for "Paekdu-san Trophy"

The competitions for "Paekdu-san Trophy" were held recently in Pyongyang and local areas.

The games were participated in by players from the central and local sports teams. The events included basketball, volleyball, table tennis, boxing, wrestling, swimming, speed skating and others.

Men and women competitors who had undergone intensified day-to-day training in accordance with the teachings of the great leader achieved excellent results in every game by displaying perseverance and fighting spirit, high standard of proficiency and outstanding sportsmanship.

In weight lifting An Won Gun and Chon Yang Gun of the February 8 Sports Team set new national records in the 82.5-kg snatch and 110-kg jerk events respectively. And in speed skating girls of the Potonggang Sports Team improved a national record in the 2,000-m relay event.

Players of the February 8 Sports Team were conspicuous in all games.

The "Paekdu-san Trophy" was awarded to the teams for merit and medals to individual athletes who merited special recognition.

US Imperialist Aggressors, Get Out of South Korea, Taking Along Nuclear Weapons and All Other Lethal Weapons

If Aggressors Unleash Another War in Korea, They Will Be Meted Out Due Punishment

Korean Social Organizations Issue Statements

The Korean National Peace Committee on March 10 made public a statement condemning the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" being staged by the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in south Korea.

The statement scathingly denounced this large-scale military exercise as a rash war gamble for aggravating tension and triggering off a new war in Korea and as a vicious challenge to the entire Korean people and the peace-lovers the world over and branded US imperialism as the enemy of peace, the enemy of mankind, the aggressor and the war maniac.

It is not fortuitous that the United States in the Western Hemisphere chose south Korea in the eastern tip of Asia thousands of miles apart from its mainland as the theatre of the criminal war exercise, the statement pointed out and noted:

This proceeds from its aggressive design to threaten with "strength" the Korean people growing as an impregnable force, give shot in the arm to the south Korean puppets forsaken by the nation, bridge over the crisis of its crumbling colonial rule and keep south Korea as its colony and military base indefinitely.

Saying that the US imperialists can get nothing through aggression and war clamours, the statement demanded that they stop their dangerous play with fire forthwith and pull out of south Korea at once, taking along all their aggressor troops and lethal weapons.

It demanded that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique immediately stop their criminal moves of war provocation aimed at imposing sacrifices upon the nation in collusion with outside forces and resign from power as unanimously demanded by the south Korean people.

It urged the Japanese ruling circles to discontinue their criminal act of offering the Japanese territory as a launching base, logistics base and offensive base of the United States for attacking the Korean people again, oblivious of their crimes committed against the Korean people in the days gone by.

It expressed the belief that all the anti-war peace organizations and people of the world will further intensify their joint struggle to check and frustrate the imprudent military adventures of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and extend more active support and solidarity to our people's just cause for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Similar statements came from the CC of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, the Committee for Solidarity with the People of the World, the CC of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, the CC of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea and the CC of the Democratic Women's Union of Korea.

We Scathingly Condemn US Imperialist War Move

World's People Assail "South Korea-US Joint Operation Exercise"

Broad sections of people and public circles of the world continue to strongly protest against and castigate the US imperialists who are aggravating tension by staging the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" in south Korea in contravention of the aspiration of the Korean people and the peace-lovers the world over who wish to see a lasting peace in Korea and the early realization of her peaceful reunification.

Criminal Act Intended to Trigger off Another War

People, public circles and broad public opinion the world over are unanimous in lashing at the war exercise which the US imperialists are conducting by instigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. They brand it as a criminal act designed to ignite a new war in Korea and a grave menace to peace in Asia and the world and demand that the United States pull out all its aggressive armed forces and lethal weapons from south Korea forthwith.

In its statement made public on the 14th, the Secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions said that the US imperialists started the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" with a view to unleashing another war in Korea, and pointed out:

This war exercise not only violates the Korean Armistice Agreement and heightens tension in Korea but also jeopardises peace in Asia and the world.

In its statement issued on the 10th, the Trade Unions International of the Food Industry, Tobacco, Hotel and Allied Workers said that the military exercise being staged by the US imperialists behind the curtain of "troop pullout" is a challenge to the Korean people's cause of national reunification and a grave threat to peace and security in Korea and Asia, and noted that the current war game once again stripped bare the true colours of the US imperialists as war maniacs.

The US paper "Workers World" said that the aggressive military exercise of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique further coiled up tension in Korea, thereby bringing the situation closer to the brink of war and menacing peace in Asia and the world. It demanded that the United States take a sane look at the present situation and withdraw its troops from south Korea.

The Swedish papers "Ny Dag", "Expressen" and "Dagens Nyheter" said that the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" is a grave act intended to speed up preparations for war in Korea and egg the south Korean authorities on to adventurous aggression against the northern half of the Republic and that it is an allout exercise to invade the northern half of the Republic.

Letters of protest and statements were issued by the Bureau of the World Federation of Democratic Youth and social organizations of many countries such as the Bulgarian Committee for Solidarity with the Peoples of Asia and Africa, the "Study Group of Works of President Kim Il Sung" under the Turku Branch of the Finland-Korea Association, the Turku Branch of FKA, the Burma-Korea Friendship Association and the Yemeni Democratic Peasants' Union.

Articles were made public by foreign newspapers and news agencies, among them the Soviet paper "Izvestia", TASS, the Hungarian paper "Nepszabadsag", the GDR papers "Berliner Zeitung" and "Tribune", the Democratic Yemeni paper "Arbattashara Ouktoobur", the Aden News Agency, the Angolan paper "Jornal Di Angola", the Mongolian paper "Unen", the Cuban paper "Granma", the US paper "Guardian", Danish papers "Land Og Folk" and "Information".

Criminal Scheme to Strengthen "Triangular Military Alliance System"

Public circles and public opinion of many countries denounced the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" as a criminal manoeuvre of the US imperialists to pitchfork even the Japanese reactionaries into an aggressive war in Korea and thus strengthen the US-Japan-south Korea "triangular military alliance system."

On the 14th an "emergency meeting protesting against the south Korea-US joint operation exercise" was held in Tokyo. At the meeting Yagi Kansaku, Director of the National Movement Department of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo), made an opening address and Aoyama Yoshimichi, General Secretary of the National Council for Normalization of Japan-Korea Relations, delivered a speech on behalf of the sponsors. They said that it is intolerable that the US military bases in Japan are used in the present military exercise and the Japanese government allowed their use. They added that the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" is virtually a "Japan-US-south Korea joint operation exercise" and a war provocation endangering peace in Asia.

Such war game being staged behind the screen of "troop withdrawal" is aimed at further strengthening the Japan-US-south Korea military integration, they said. They strongly called for the immediate pullout of the US troops from south Korea.

The Gumma Prefectural Headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party, the Gumma Prefectural Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea and other social organizations in Gumma Prefecture sent telegrams of protest to the US embassy and the south Korean puppet embassy in Japan and the Japanese government. In their telegrams, they castigated the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" as a provocative war game and strongly protested against the Japanese government taking an active part in this war game to obstruct the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and endanger peace in Asia.

In a joint statement issued on the 8th, the Norwegian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, the Norway-Korea Friendship Association and other organizations noted that the United States is stepping up grave military provocations and war preparations, and added:

This military exercise is based on the US strategic plan for strengthening the US-Japan-south Korea "triangular military alliance system".

Japan leaves its territory to the US troops for their advance base, logistics base and offensive base. This tells that Japan is, in fact, zealously participating in the US military exercise.

In its commentator's article published on the 13th, TASS disclosed the fact that the United States is going to hand over to the south Korean puppets the "Lance" missiles capable of transporting nuclear war-heads which have been newly brought to south Korea. It pointed out:

In its pledges the United States declared that it would withdraw its ground force from south Korea over a period of five years. But it is becoming all the more obvious with each passing day what is really intended by the pledges. In actuality, the pledges are being replaced only by the partial redeployment of troops and the strengthening of the military and political activities within the framework of the US-south Korea-Japan "triangular military alliance".

The March 13 issue of the Japanese paper "Akahata" carried an editorial rapping at the "south Korea-US joint operation exercise". It said:

Another serious point related to this "joint operation exercise" is that Japan is assumed to play a role of dispatch and strong relay base for nuclear war power, which is directed toward the Korean peninsula.

The "south Korea-US joint operation exercise" throws into relief the fact that a build-up of the dangerous "Japan-US security system" is being pushed ahead very rapidly, and the "security system" involves Japan more deeply in the US nuclear strategy than ever before, the editorial noted. It emphasized: The Japanese government will be held responsible for all the consequences.

Nature of Aggressor Can Never Change

THE noisy war exercise the US imperialist aggressors had been staging by instigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique was over on March 17, leaving another indelible, despicable trace of crime in their annals of aggression.

The "south Korea-US joint operation exercise", staged for 11 days with the mobilization of massive US ground, naval and air forces and nuclear weapons in the US mainland, Hawaii and bases in the Pacific region, is said to be the largest ever since the Korean war. This exercise was a most unscrupulous and provocative war game conducted directly against us.

The US imperialist aggressors bluster that the recent military exercise has demonstrated their war capabilities.

But this is a bluff of those whose days are numbered.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"US imperialism can still commit many crimes. But it is on the decline. Today when US imperialism is behaving most outrageously, its vulnerability is more evident than ever before."

The frantic war racket kicked up by the US imperialists shows that their aggressive nature remains unchanged and so with their policy of Korean aggression aimed at dominating us by force of arms.

Particularly to be noted is that the exercise took place behind the smokescreen of "troop pullout".

This reveals that the slogan of "troop pullout" has been used as a trick to reinforce the armed forces and speed up war preparations in south Korea and that the unjust policy pursued by the United States towards our country since Carter's advent to power has not changed.

The US imperialists who cannot live even for a single day without aggression and war are on the rampage to keep a firm hold on south Korea as an important strongpoint in a move to prop up their colonial ruling system totally crumbling in Asia and realize their avaricious desire for aggression on our country.

They not only drive the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique into a military adventure but also involve even the Japanese reactionaries in executing their policy of aggression and war, while converting Japan into a launching base, logistics base and offensive base for aggression on Korea.

This criminal attempt was graphically revealed by the talks the US Deputy Defence Secretary, who had come to south Korea to command the recent war exercise, had with the Director General of the Japanese Defence Agency when he stopped over in Japan. At the talks he expressed thanks to the Japanese government for its cooperation in using the Japanese territory as an operational and logistics base and a relay base for the recent military exercise and stated that similar "joint operation exercise" would be held in future, too. Then he prattled about continuing "Japan-US defence cooperation".

The US imperialist war racket has disclosed that their advocacy of peace is nothing but a camouflage to cover up their policy of aggression and war.

The US imperialists are raising war clamours and aggravating tensions by bringing into south Korea military personnel of all arms of service and even fleet, nuclear missiles and strategic bombers in a big way in flagrant violation of the Armistice Agreement. This act itself is a dangerous aggressive act to disturb peace and bring the situation closer to the brink of war.

The recent war racket has clearly shown that the US imperialists are the main force of aggression and war, chieftain of world reaction and harasser of peace in Korea, Asia and the rest of the world, thus accelerating their defeat in political and moral respects.

It has once again patently proved that the south Korean regime is a dirty colonial puppet regime supported by the bayonets of the US imperialists and an instrument for carrying out their policy of aggression and war.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique offered the whole land of south Korea as the theatre of war exercise of the US imperialist aggressors. They mobilized a large number of puppet troops and "Homeland Defence Reserve Forces" and put them up on the forefront as "shock troops" of war game and set press media in motion to acquaint people with the proceedings of war exercise and its results.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are quislings who do not care a rope's end about the country and the people and the executor of the policy of war pursued by the US imperialists.

Our people who treasure the dignity and sovereignty of the nation and the country's peace and peaceful reunification will never tolerate any criminal machination of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against us.

The US imperialists must take a sane look at the will of the Korean people and the trend of the times, give up their reckless play with fire and immediately withdraw from south Korea, taking along their aggression armed forces and destruction weapons in accordance with the resolution of the United Nations and their pledges.

The Japanese ruling quarters must also desist from their highly anachronistic attempt to get a windfall again by partaking in the US imperialist policy of Korean aggression and refrain from the criminal act of leaving their territory to be used as a base of the US forces for Korean aggression.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must stop running riot to find a way out in the reckless war gamble in tandem with outside forces. They must step down from power as demanded by the south Korean people. If they continue to follow the road of treachery to the country and the people, tailing after the US imperialists, they will be brought to a stern judgement of history.

The Korean people are determined to frustrate the aggressive policy of the US imperialists and the treacherous machinations of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and surely realize the national cause of the country's reunification.

Commentator

Koreans in the USA and American people demonstrate, vehemently condemning the US and Japanese intervention in Korea's reunification

Israel, Stop Aggressive Acts Immediately

DPRK Foreign Ministry Spokesman Issues Statement

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people bitterly denounce the aggressive acts of the Israeli expansionists against the Republic of Lebanon and strongly demand that the Israeli authorities promptly discontinue their acts of aggression and withdraw all their armed forces without delay from the Lebanese territory, said the spokesman of the DPRK Foreign Ministry in his statement dated March 18.

He denounced the Israeli aggressors for launching an armed attack on Lebanon, occupying a vast area in its southern part, destroying towns and villages there, enveloping peaceful residential districts in flames and savagely killing defenceless Lebanese and Palestinian peoples.

The massive aggression on Lebanon by the Zionists encouraged by the US imperialists, the statement went on, is an open violation of the security and sovereignty of the Republic of Lebanon and a downright challenge to the Arab people and the world's peace-loving people who unanimously desire a fair and reasonable settlement of the Middle East problem.

The brigandish armed invasion of the Israeli aggressors this time has created a grave situation in southern Lebanon and it poses a new threat to peace and security in the Middle East.

The Israeli aggressors are now desperately trying to strangle the revolutionary cause of the Palestinian people for national dignity and restoration of their rights, split the Arab people, bar a fair solution of the Middle East problem and gratify their expansionist desire.

After illegally occupying the territory of Lebanon, a sovereign state, the Israeli expansionists brazenly declared that they "will not retreat". This once again self-exposes their gangster-like nature as the harasser of peace and aggressor.

It is entirely due to the aggression and war manoeuvres of the Israeli expansionists that the Middle East problem has not yet been settled and the situation in that region is getting more complicated.

The statement declared:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people fully support the struggle of the Lebanese people to defend their independence and sovereignty and the just struggle of the Palestinian and the Arab people to take back their lost territories and restore their national rights.

If the Israeli aggressors, remaining deaf to the repeated warnings, refuse to withdraw from southern Lebanon and continue with their aggressive acts, they will be meted out a stern punishment by the Arab people and the world's peace-loving people.

Distortion of History, Aim?

It is reported that an anti-communist film titled "Inchon" is to be produced. Involved in this project are the US and Japanese reactionaries and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The movie lavishes praise on the landing operation launched by US imperialist aggression troops in Inchon during the Korean War, and describes them as "savior" and "champion of freedom" while maliciously vilifying our people and People's Army who fought heroically against aggression.

This is, indeed, a most shameless distortion of history.

From the very beginning of their landing operation assisted by huge armed forces, the US imperialist aggressors employed a scorched-earth tactics and cruelly massacred our people.

They landed in Inchon not as "savior" but as aggressor and acted not as "champion of freedom" but as destroyer of freedom and independence, war criminal and man-killer.

As for the film producers they are all reactionary elements and experts in distorting history. The conclusion of contract is woven through with money and sinister enterprise.

It is said that the Japanese "Toho Film" has undertaken the production under a contract at 5,000 million *yen* (20 million dollars) financed by "Unification Church" and "International Federation for Domination over Communism", both the most arrant anti-communist organizations.

As for "Unification Church", it is playing the functions of a detached force with a veneer of religion, while patronizing the fascist rule of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and US troops' occupation of south Korea. It is a dastard group which got a large share in south Korean influence-peddling in the USA.

The same is true of the "International Federation for Domination over Communism", a group of out-and-out reactionary elements. It is a tool in the service of the Pak Jung Hi puppet cabal. Its existence is maintained by virtue of propagating their policy.

Now let's pass on to Robin Moor, the scenario writer, who has been identified as an ultra-rightist in the United States. He is the author of the scenario in regard to the war-inciting film "Green Beret". As is known to everybody, this film is based on praise on a special task force under the US imperialist aggression forces which is ill-famed for its war, destruction and slaughter in Asia, Africa and Latin America.

There is the need to explain how the "Toho Film" has come to undertake the production of this film. Behind it is a foul plot.

It is said that the request came from a USA company. But this company is ipso facto a bogus company cooked up by the managing editor of the organ of the "International Federation for Domination over Communism" in Los Angeles. The aim is to make it appear that the movie "Inchon" would be a product of a USA company.

The film, written in the USA, produced in Japan and financed by the south Korean puppets, vividly mirrors the shady triple adhesion.

The main purport is to legalize US troops' occupation of south Korea, find a pretext for their permanent stationing and to bring a "two Koreas" plot of splittists to a success at any cost.

Another criminal aim pursued is to run down the northern half of our Republic, spread the theories worked out by the Pak Jung Hi puppet cabal that "division is advantageous" and "reunification is impossible", thus giving renewed impetus to the bellicose elements in increasing war fever. This fully reveals the reactionary nature of the film.

No wonder, then, that the nefarious scheme is arousing a feeling of strong indignation among the Korean people, as well as the world's people. Strong protest and denunciation are increasingly voiced everywhere.

Here are some examples.

In its statement issued recently the Joint Struggle Council of Japanese Film and Drama Circles demanded its prompt discontinuation. The Toho trade union organization stated that they would not cooperate with the movie making.

On March 15 the executive committee of the studio branch of the Toho chapter under the National Movie and Theatre Workers Union of Japan submitted a written protest to the manager demanding its immediate stoppage. The protest said that the film would mean dashing icy water in the faces of the Korean people who are eager to achieve reunification, opposing peace and democracy and inciting a war of aggression.

Similar protest came through articles from Japanese critics, "Mainichi Shimbun", "Shukan Yomiuri" and other press circles. These articles touched on the details connected with film production and its true nature.

We demand that the production of the reactionary film "Inchon" be stopped forthwith—the film which debases the cinema art that regards the truth as its heart and soul, distorts history and opposes the Korean people aspiring to the independent and peaceful reunification of their country and the world's progressive people in their efforts to win the cause of peace and justice.

Yun Hae Ik

Bangladesh Advances Along the Path of Self-Support

March 26 is the independence day of the Bangladesh people.

No more than seven years have passed since their independence was achieved. In this period the Bangladesh people have exerted strenuous efforts under the slogan "Let us establish economic independence in all fields and at all units" and attained admirable successes in the building of the national economy.

The government nationalized factories and enterprises in different branches and built new ones. On the other hand, it took measures to increase production capacity.

As a result, in the fiscal year 1976-1977 industrial production grew by 5.5 per cent over and above the preceding fiscal year.

Many successes have also been gained in agriculture.

A series of steps have been taken—the National Committee for Development of Agriculture and many committees for food production were set up, agro-technicians trained, advanced methods of farming introduced and so on. Thus agricultural production is on the increase.

As for yellow hemp, major farm produce of Bangladesh, 126,000 more tons were turned out in the fiscal year 1975-1976 than in the previous fiscal year. Last year 2,000 tons of more tea were produced than in the year before last.

These successes in Bangladesh are a splendid fruition of the energetic creative labour endeavours of her people under the correct leadership of President Ziaur Rahman.

The government and people of Bangladesh render active support to the struggle of our people for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

"We... fully support the three principles and five-point policy for national reunification put forward by President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, and the four-point national salvation proposal advanced at a joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of Korea....

"Korea is one.

"Frustrate the 'two Koreas' plot."

This is an excerpt from the joint statement issued by political parties and public organizations including the United People's Party, the Communist Party and the Workers' Federation of Bangladesh on February 17 in connection with the publication of the DPRK government memorandum.

The active support for the righteous cause of our people gives a great encouragement to our people.

The national referendum on the action programme of the government in Bangladesh last year glaringly showed the confidence in President Ziaur Rahman and the unshakable determination of her people who are desirous of independence and self-support.

We Korean people warmly hail the 7th anniversary of the independence of the Bangladesh people and are sure that they will bring about still greater successes in building a new, prosperous society in line with the action programme of the government.

Yun Ik Su

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